PLAFERSIN BY B.

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DEFINATION OF PLAGIARISM

Plagiarism is the representation of another author's language, thoughts, ideas, or expressions as one's own original work.

Plagiarism is considered academic dishonesty and a breach of journalistic ethics. It is subject to sanctions such as penalties, suspension, expulsion from school or work, substantial fines and even incarceration.

PLAGIARISM IN RESEARCH

"Plagiarism: presenting others' work without adequate acknowledgement of its source, as though it were one's own. Plagiarism is a form of fraud. We all stand on the shoulders of others, and we must give credit to the creators of the works that we incorporate into products that we call our own. Some examples of plagiarism:

- a sequence of words incorporated without quotation marks
- an unacknowledged passage paraphrased from another's work
- the use of ideas, sound recordings, computer data or images created by others as though it were one's own"

BY B. CHATTER TYPES OF PLAGIARISM

Type of plagiarism	Definition	Severity
Global plagiarism	Presenting an entire text by someone else as your own work.	Severe
Paraphrasing plagiarism	Rephrasing someone else's ideas without citation.	Serious
Verbatim plagiarism	Directly copying a passage of text without citation.	Serious
Mosaic plagiarism	Combining text and ideas from different sources without citation.	Serious
Self-plagiarism	Reusing passages and ideas from your own previously submitted work.	Moderate
Incorrect citation	Failing to give all the necessary information in your source citation.	Moderate

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PREVENTIONE OF THE STAGIARISM

Step 1: Understand Plagiarism

Plagiarism is when you use another person's words or ideas and try to pass them off as your own. However, plagiarism can take many different forms.

Step 2: Properly Quote and Paraphrase

Using outside evidence is important in academic writing, but those sources must be used appropriately. You can include information from outside sources through proper paraphrasing and quoting.

Step 3: Properly Cite Sources

As noted in Step 2, you can paraphrase and quote pieces of evidence to include information from outside sources. But, all of that information must be cited within your paper using in-text citations and a separate references list.

Step 4: Check Your Work for Possible Plagiarism

It's always a good idea to use a tool to check that you have properly used outside sources in your work. One tool you can use to help you with this is Turnitin.

Turnitin is a tool that helps identify potential plagiarism within a submitted assignment. This tool compares students' work with texts available online, in our university's internal database, as well as any assignment submitted to Turnitin.

You can submit your assignment to Turnitin before you submit it for grading so you can check your own work for possible plagiarism.

CONCLUSION

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Here is a list of the top 10 free plagiarism checker tools available today.

- DupliChecker.
- · Grammarly.
- Paperrater.
- Plagiarisma.
- · Search Engine Reports.
- PlagTracker.
- Plagium.
- CopyLeaks.

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